

Deutscher Wetterdienst Wetter und Klima aus einer Hand



Probabilistic Nowcasting: Insight into a global-based and an object-based approach

5th RealPEP Project Meeting

Ricardo Reinoso-Rondinel, Martin Rempel, Raquel Evaristo, Silke Trömel, and Clemens Simmer

April 28, 2022

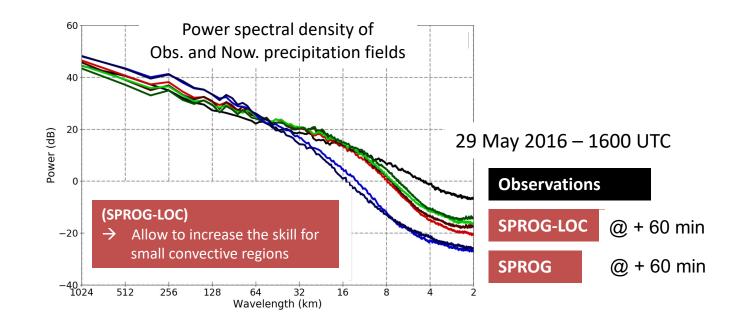


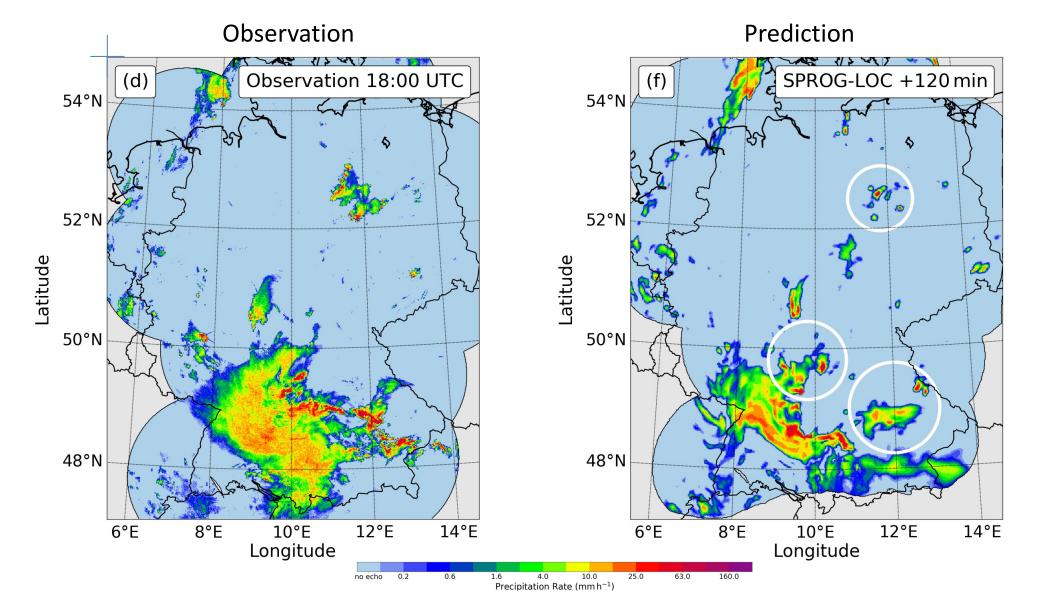
(SPROG-LOC)

 \rightarrow A rapid-computed spatially localized AR model

 \rightarrow The auto-regression is controlled by 2-D

coefficients (adaptive filtering)

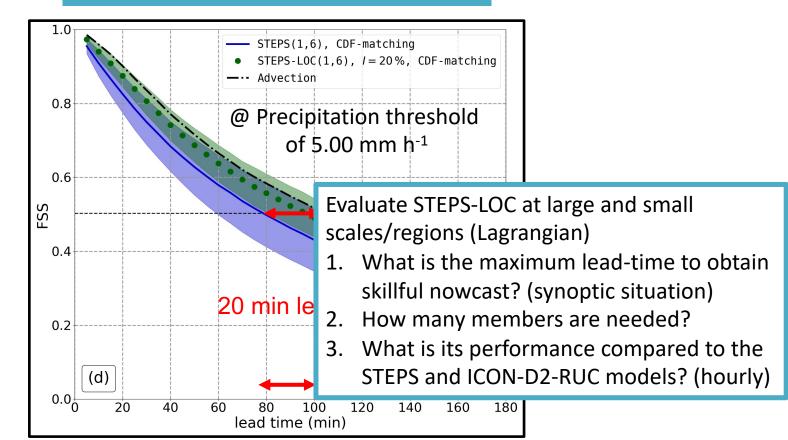




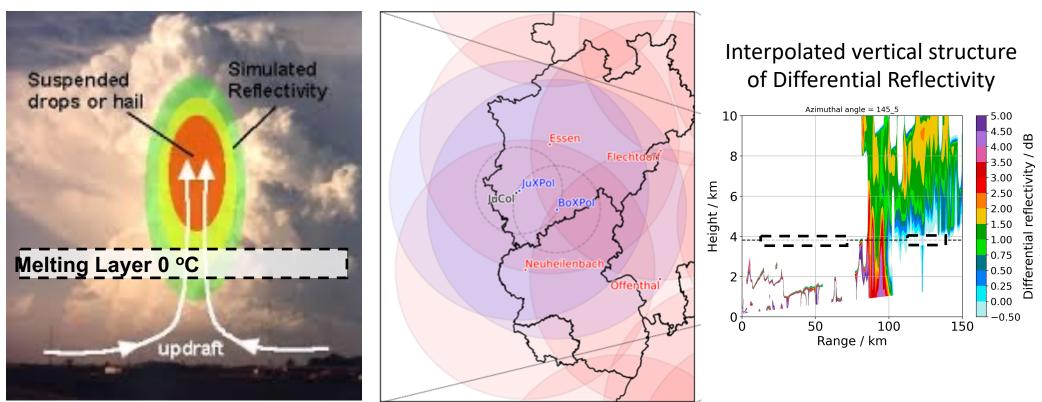
B:

STEPS

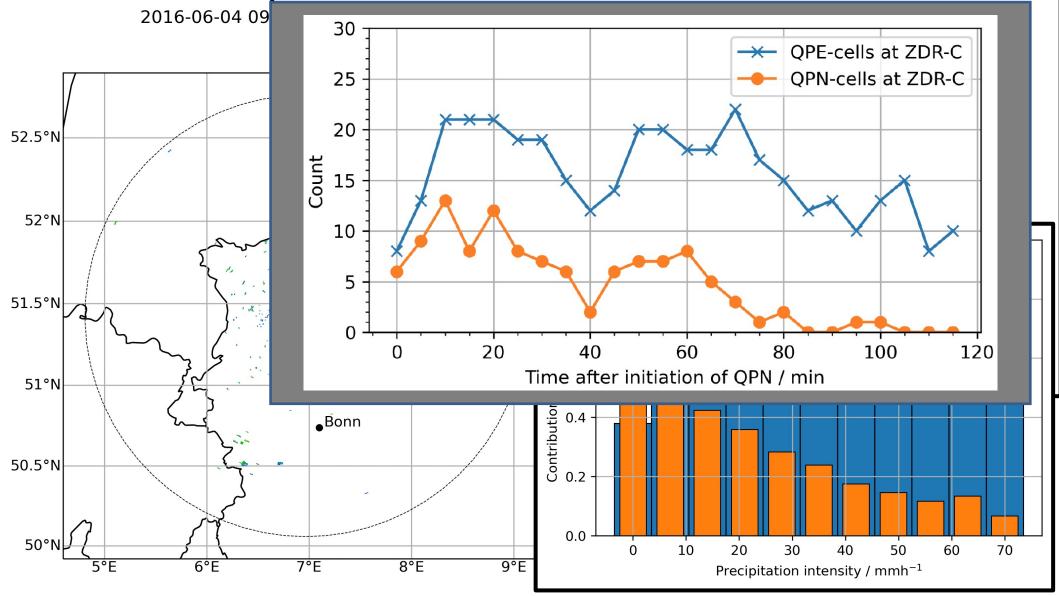
(STEPS-LOC) → adds stochastic perturbations to the localized AR process



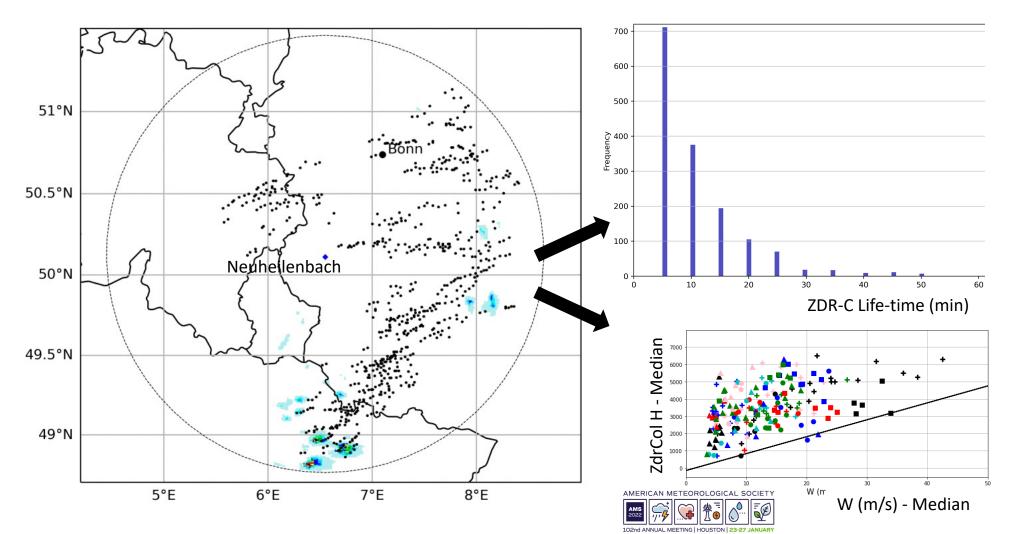




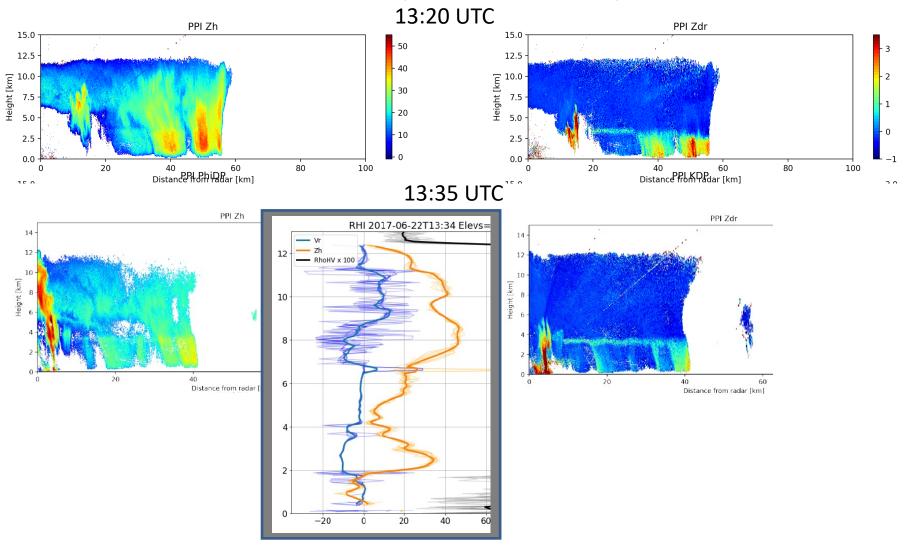
https://www.noaa.gov/



2017-06-22 11:00 UTC associated with precipitation



Observation from BoxPOL (X-band radar at Bonn) 2017-06-22





Vienna, Austria & Online | 23–27 May 2022

ABOUT ▼ PROGRAMME ▼ REGISTER & VENUE ▼ EXHIBITION ▼ MEDIA ▼ GUIDELINES ▼ Ҁ)] ▼

[Programme]

AS1.29

EDI**

Aviation Meteorology And Nowcasting: Observations and Models (AMANOM) Convener: Ismail Gultepe Q | Co-conveners: Wayne Feltz Q, Stan Benjamin Q, Martin Gallagher Q, Chunsong Lu Q Presentations + | Wed, 25 May, 10:20–11:50 (CEST) Room 0.11/12

Presentations: Wed, 25 May | Room 0.11/12

11:19-11:26 | EGU22-11210 🖈

Information content of differential reflectivity columns for precipitation nowcasting

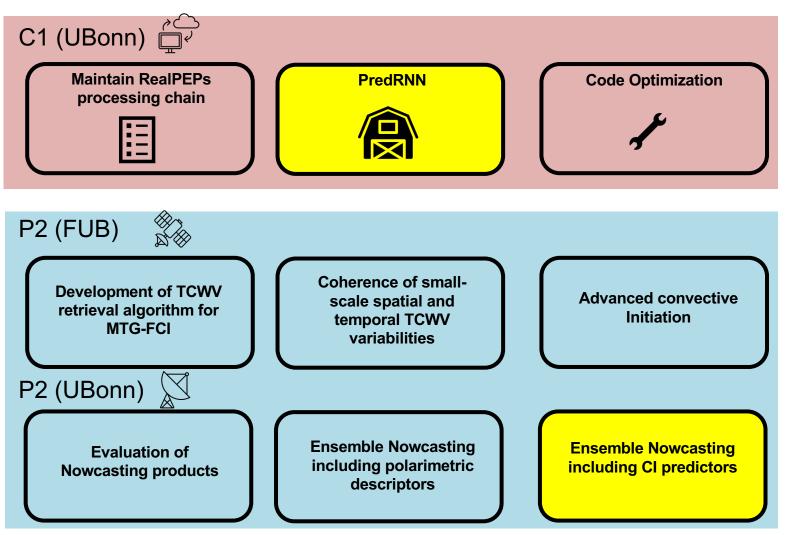
Raquel Evaristo, Ricardo Reinoso Rondinel, Felix Crijnen, Ju-Yu Chen, and Silke Trömel

Columns of differential reflectivity, the difference between the horizontal and vertical reflectivity, hereafter Zdr columns, are vertical columns of enhanced Zdr that extend above the environmental 0°C level. These are easily identified when observed by polarimetric radars. Physically, these columns consist of rain dominated by large drops that are being lofted above the freezing level and have been recognized as a proxy for the location of updrafts. Their potential for nowcasting severe weather has been shown in several past studies. We have developed an algorithm that identifies and tracks Zdr columns from

Ongoing collaboration: Ju-Yu

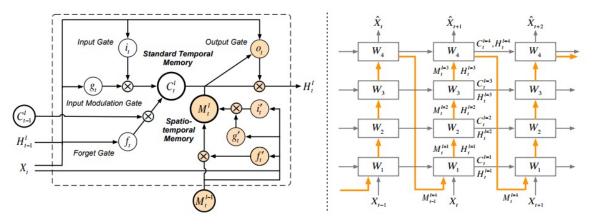
Mohamed

Phase 2 plans



C1

<u>Predicive Recurrent Neural Network (PredRNN)</u>



- Wang et.al (2017)
- Memory states flow through the Network in a zigzag direction
- Using LSTM and spatiotemporal LSTM, predRNN can
 efficiently model shape deformations and motion trajectories
- Trained by QPE fields from radar and CML (P1)
- Model implementation in Python/C++







≔

Q

 $\{x\}$

▲ Copy of 4_RNN_AMS_short_course.ipynb ☆ File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help Last edited on March 28

+ Code + Text

- Recurrent neural network (RNN) for radar nowcasting (ConvLSTM)
- Hands-on exercise for AMS short course AI in Weather Radars
- Haonan Chen and V. Chandrasekar

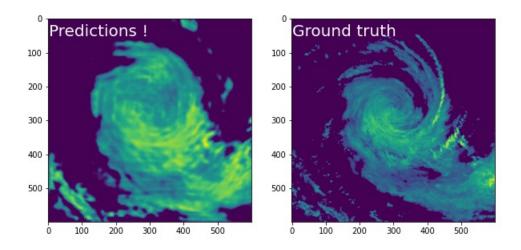
March 28, 2022

- Mount Google Drive to Colab
 - [] from google.colab import drive
 drive.mount('/content/drive/')
 %cd /content/drive/My Drive/
 #!ls

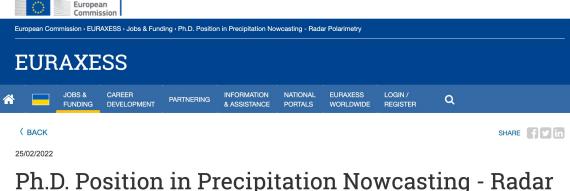
Mounted at /content/drive/ /content/drive/My Drive

Import required libs

[] import numpy as np import os import time import pylab as plt import pickle import tensorflow as tf from tensorflow import keras from tensorflow.keras import layers import keras.backend as K from sklearn.metrics import classification report



PhD Student



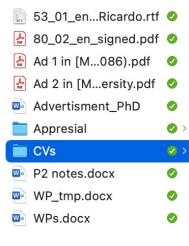
Polarimetry



The Institute for Geosciences, Department of Meteorology, of the University of Bonn invites applications for a

Position as PhD student (75% E13 TV-L)

within the second funding phase of the DFG research unit 2589 "Near-Realtime Quantitative Precipitation Estimation and Prediction" (RealPEP, https://www2.meteo.uni-born.de/realpep). RealPEP thrives to achieve significant improvements at all stages along the process chain from Quantitative Precipitation Estimation (QPE), Precipitation Nowcasting (QPN), numerical prediction of quantitative precipitation (QPF) and predicting discharge and potential flash floads in small- to meso-scale catchments (FFP). RealPEP will rely on a multi-sensor data exploitation platform to monitor the precipitation generating atmosphere and tackle urgent science questions to better identify mechanisms that determine the onset, location, intensity, and development of precipitating systems. Developments will be implemented for near-realtime processing in order to be able to mitigate risks to society and ecosystems.



- Application_UniBonn_NishaPatel.pdf
- 🎍 documents_Joao_Huaman.pdf
- Authias_Emond_Master_EFM.pdf
- 🛃 Mathias_Emond.pdf
- 🤰 PhD_Bonn_Applicatio...peReyesRodrigu
- A PhDstudent_nowcasting_Bonn.pdf
- 🛃 QPE_Research_Summary_VipulDhavale
- 🍰 Swagata_application_docu.pdf
- 🍰 Syed_PhD_App_Bonn.pdf
- 🎍 Upase_Yashraj.pdf
- 🖌 🛃 VipulDhavale_PhD_Ap...Zdr and PredNI
- 🛃 Wedemeyer_Christian.pdf

- 1. Working on the documentation of the localized (SPROG-LOC/STEPS-LOC) algorithms
- 2. Preliminary results on the identification and tracking of ZDR-columns show a spatial-temporal consistency with precipitation fields.
- 3. Collaboration with RealPEP partners are ongoing.
- 4. Hand on recurrent neural network (RNN)
- 5. PhD student to be confirmed

i

